





January 2019

Topic Paper	Local Plan Issue/s covered
Topic Paper 1 Housing	Covers issue 2 of the Southend New
	Local Plan
Topic Paper 2 Economy	Covers issue 3 of the Southend New
	Local Plan
Topic Paper 3 Tourism	Covers issue 4 of the Southend New
	Local Plan
Topic Paper 4 Retail and Town Centres	Covers issue 5 of the Southend New
	Local Plan
Topic Paper 5 Providing for a Sustainable	Covers issue 6 of the Southend New
Transport System	Local Plan
Topic Paper 6 Design, Healthy Living & Built	Covers issue 7 of the Southend New
Heritage	Local Plan
Topic Paper 7 Social & Community	Covers issue 8 of the Southend New
Infrastructure Needs	Local Plan
Topic Paper 8 Green & Blue Infrastructure &	Covers issues 9 & 10 of the Southend
Climate Change	New Local Plan

Tourism Topic Paper

What is this topic paper about?

The Council is making a new Local Plan that will cover the period up to 2038. As a comprehensive and up to date evidence base is essential for plan preparation, the Council has undertaken a range of studies, both in house and with external consultants to support this process.

This Tourism topic paper summarises the latest available evidence from these studies and other sources. Reflecting the wide scope of this topic there are a number of overlaps between this paper and others including the Transport and Retail topic papers.

To view all the topic papers and the latest update on the Local Plan evidence base please visit our website. Please note all internet links are up to date at the time of publication.

localplan.southend.gov.uk

Can I comment on this document?

The Local Plan topic papers are factual in nature and set out the national planning policy context, current situation in Southend, and some potential ways of dealing with the local issues raised, but they do not include any planning policies or site allocations. As such we are not seeking comment on these publications.

However, there will be opportunities to comment on the content of the New Southend Local Plan at various stages of its development. The Council will be undertaking public consultation on the **New Southend Local Plan Issues and Options** during early 2019. This will be followed by public consultation on **Preferred Options** and **Proposed Submission**. See our website for more details localplan.southend.gov.uk

If you wish to be kept informed of forthcoming consultations you can email planningpolicy@southend.gov.uk with your contact details.

Introduction

This topic paper has been prepared to assess the national and local policy context for Tourism, to consider what should be incorporated into the new Local Plan, covering the period to 2038.

It covers a broad range of issues affecting tourism including its impact on the town centre and local economy and transport and summarises the latest available evidence relating to these matters. It also suggests how the Local Plan could deal with any important issues.

National Planning Policy

Local planning authorities are required to address the requirements set out in National planning guidance in preparing their local plans, namely the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF, July 2018) and supporting National Planning Policy Guidance (NPPG).

At the heart of the National Planning Policy Framework is a presumption in favour of sustainable development, which should be seen as a golden thread running through both plan-making and decision-taking.

The NPFF does not specifically refer to tourism. The economic benefits of tourism are enshrined in general statements on economic development.

Planning guidance for tourism was published on 16th May 2006. However, this was withdrawn on 7th March 2014. The only specific planning guidance on tourism is now contained within the NPPG on 'ensuring the vitality of town centres.' A section is included specifically on tourism entitled '*what should local planning authorities consider when planning for tourism?*

The NPPG also notes that local planning authorities may also want to consider guidance and best practice produced by the tourism sector. Visit Britain is the national tourism agency, responsible for marketing Britain worldwide and developing Britain's visitor economy. It works with UK Trade & Investment as well as airlines, travel operators, global brands and the official tourism bodies for London, England, Scotland and Wales. It regularly publishes statistics on tourism including visitor numbers and stays (see www.visitbritain.org). The

Tourism Society is the professional membership body for people working in all sectors of the visitor economy and provides useful information, including definitions of different type of visitors (see http://www.tourismsociety.org/)

Table 1 summarises the requirements of the NPPF and NPPG in relation to tourism.

Table 1 Summary of National Planning Policy Guidance

National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF)

Support economic growth - planning policies and decisions should help create the conditions in which businesses can invest, expand and adapt. Significant weight should be placed on the need to support economic growth and productivity, taking into account both local business needs and wider opportunities for development. The approach taken should allow each area to build on its strengths, counter any weaknesses and address the challenges of the future (paragraph 80).

Locational requirements - planning policies and decisions should recognise and address the specific locational requirements of different sectors (paragraph 82).

National Planning Policy Guidance (NPPG)

Articulate a vision in the Local Plan.

Consider specific needs including particular locational or operational requirements.

Examine broader social, economic, and environmental impacts.

Analyse the opportunities for tourism to support local services, vibrancy and enhance the built environment.

Existing Local Planning Policy

The existing local policy context is set out in the Southend Core Strategy (2007), Development Management Document (2015) and Southend Central Area Action Plan (2018). These adopted plans cover the period to 2021. *Appendix 1* sets out how the tourism related policies relate to national planning policy guidance. These policy provisions need to be updated to cover the time frame to 2038 and to take account of changing circumstances and changes to national planning policy.

Southend Tourism Context

Evidence Base

The existing and emerging tourism evidence base that will support the preparation of the Southend New Local Plan, identifying which key issues should be addressed by policy, is set out in *Table 2.* A number of these studies have been commissioned by the Association of

South Essex Local Authorities (ASELA¹) to assist in the preparation of a South Essex Joint Strategic Plan (JSP) which will in turn inform local plan preparation.

Table 2: Evidence Base Provisions

Current Evidence		Reference
Southend Hotel Futures		www.southend.gov.uk/
Report 2010		Ŭ
Economic Development &	See Economic Topic Paper	www.southend.gov.uk/
Tourism Strategy 2010		
Southend Cultural Strategy		www.southend.gov.uk/
2012-2020		
Economic Impact of Tourism –		www.southend.gov.uk/
Southend Borough 2017		
Destination Research		
Southend Tourism Strategy	Incorporates a tourism vision	www.southend.gov.uk/
(Destination Southend) 2017	for the Borough	
South Essex Retail Study –	Identifies considerable	www.southend.gov.uk/
Peter Brett Associates 2017	potential for growth in the	
	food and drink sector and	
	capacity for additional cinema	
	provision See Retail and	
	Town Centres Topic Paper	
South Essex Economic	See Economic Topic Paper	www.southend.gov.uk/
Development Needs		
Assessment (EDNA) – GV		
Grimley 2018		
Parking and Access Strategy	Identifies accessibility and	www.southend.gov.uk/
	car parking issues and	
	potential solutions including	
	the provision of park and ride.	
	See Transport Topic Paper	
Proposed/being Prepared		
Evidence		
South Essex Recreation,	Study being commissioned	www.southend.gov.uk/
Leisure and Tourism Growth	by the Association of South	
Study	Essex Local Authorities as	

¹ ASELA partnership comprises the local authorities of Thurrock, Brentwood, Basildon, Castle Point, Rochford, Southend and Essex.

evidence to the preparation	
of the South Essex Joint	
Strategic Plan	

All of these evidence base documents recognise the tourism potential of the Southend Borough. The tourism links to economic, transport and environmental considerations are also considered in separate topic papers on these issues.

Characteristics and Value of Tourism

The tourism economy in Southend has witnessed growth, particularly in its attraction to day visitors. With its 7 miles of foreshore and beach/recreational facilities, range of quality tourism and leisure facilities including The Pier, Adventure Island Theme Park, Sea Life Adventure Centre, regional entertainments venue at the Cliffs Pavilion, theatres, casinos, cinema, indoor bowling, cafes, bars and restaurants, the town has a strong tourism and leisure offer. The town has seen a growth in tourist accommodation in recent years offering a range of facilities from self-catering, guest houses and budget to 4* hotel facilities.

The tourism characteristics of Southend having regard to recent evidence base studies and national research are summarised in **Table 3** below.

Characteristics	Main Study Findings
Role	Southend is a major resort and tourist destination
Attractiveness	7.3 million day visitors a year (this compares to over 11 million
	day visitors in Brighton).
	Over 250K staying trips (this compares to over 450K in Brighton)
Demand	Day visitors have increased by over 7% compared to 2016
	Staying trips have remained constant compared to 2016.
Value to Local	Tourism is currently estimated to be worth nearly £438m to the
Economy: Spend	local economy (including indirect spend).
	Day visitors generate a spend of over £280m (over 7% increase
	since 2016)
	Overnight visitors generate a spend of over £50m
	Leisure turnover of the town is expected to increase by £127m in
	the period to 2037, with the majority of this growth in the food
	and drink sector
Value to Local	Local tourism supports around 6,980 full time equivalent jobs.
Economy: Jobs	Total actual tourism related employment is over 9,500 jobs (16%
	of total employment)

Table 3: Southend Tourism – Main Study/Research Findings

Attractiveness to	There is evidence of investment in the town, with a number of
Investors	leisure-led schemes either with permission or being promoted
	including proposals for major leisure development (including
	hotel and cinema) at Seaway as promoted in the adopted
	Southend Central Area Action Plan.
Expenditure Capture	Food and drink spending, which accounts for the vast majority of
	tourism/leisure spending, is largely retained within the Borough.

Potential of Tourism

There is significant potential to increase the tourism offer in Southend building on the traditional day visitor offer, developing a longer season and more staying visitors including overseas visitors. This is recognised in the recently adopted Southend Central Area Action Plan (SCAAP) and the Southend Tourism Strategy.

The Southend Tourism Strategy (Destination Southend) has been prepared in partnership with tourism and other business partners and aims to provide direction to the private, public and third party sector for a united ambition for Southend to become *'England's leading coastal tourism destination'*. The strategy identifies five key themes for taking forward the strategy namely: marketing and communications; infrastructure; product development; make Southend sparkle and culture events.

The tourism strategy links to other developing council strategies including Digital/Smart City an initiative to introduce planning itineraries, pre-booked parking, destination apps; and to skills linking with a new tourism degree working with the Edge Hospitality school at Essex University to equip students with practical projects. It also connects closely to a refreshed Cultural Strategy with galleries and museums linking more closely in to the wider visitor offer.

The recent South Essex Retail Study identifies the potential long term growth prospects for the food and drinks sector and that commercial leisure uses will constitute a growing share of town centre floorspace driven in part by the increase in household leisure expenditure and reduced demand for retail space in secondary centres. It also identifies the demand for additional cinema facilities. There is therefore the opportunity to develop a combined town centre/tourism strategy to promote and enhance the town's leisure facilities and improve the town centre offer.

Improving wider accessibility to Southend across the sub-region will be vital to realising the tourism potential of the town, particularly the A127, key junctions and rail services. This will

need to be pursued as part of the preparation of the South Essex Joint Strategic Plan – see Transport Topic Paper.

The Southend Central Area Action Plan identifies a package of measures to improve the accessibility of the central seafront area including improved signage, improved real time information, web provision, park and ride etc Transport policy will be key to tourism growth, particularly accessibility to the tourism areas and car/coach parking provision.

There is also the potential to build on the 'knock on' local tourism benefits of having a successful international airport attracting additional tourists from home and abroad by enhancing links between the airport and the central leisure and tourist facilities of the town and by 'selling' the Southend tourism offer abroad.

The Southend New Local Plan needs to provide the policy framework necessary to bring these proposals forward to facilitate the tourism and leisure potential of the town.

Issues the Southend New Local Plan Needs to Address

The Southend New Local Plan needs to be clear and proactive in its approach to tourism. It needs to facilitate the tourism growth potential of the town and set out in a clear strategy and policy approach as to how this is to be achieved in a sustainable manner.

The issues raised in the recent tourism studies and data analysis, the requirements of national planning policy and the need to update current planning policy are set out in *Table 4* below. Potential solutions to these issues are also highlighted. However, these are not considered to be mutually exclusive and other issues and solutions may be identified in due course as a result of public consultation on the Southend New Local Plan.

Policy Issues Identified	Potential Solutions
Support economic growth - recognise and	Incorporate specific Strategic Objectives into
embrace the potential of tourism.	the new local plan identifying the potential of
	tourism to facilitate growth and prosperity
	building on the SCAAP strategic objectives
	Make clear in policy provisions that Southend
	is 'open' for tourism related business.
	Promote new tourism initiatives – City Beach
	Phase 2.
Address specific locational requirements -	Build on DMD and SCAAP policies
identify new sites needed to facilitate	Identify new sites for tourist facilities.
tourism growth / protect sites and routes	
which could be critical to tourism growth	
Articulate a vision for tourism in the Local	Embrace the role of Southend as a Major
Plan	Resort and incorporate the tourism
	potential/growth as an integral part of the
	Plan's Vision building on the SCAAP vision
	Incorporate the Tourism Strategy ambition for
	Southend to become 'England's leading
	coastal tourism destination' within the new
	local plan.
Engage with representatives of the tourism	The Borough Council is already proactive in
industry.	engaging with tourism interests through the
	Tourism Partnership and it will be essential
	that this partnership approach is integral to
	the preparation of the Southend New Local
	Plan.
Examine the broader social, economic,	This is being examined as part of the South
and environmental impacts of tourism	Essex Economic Development Needs
	Assessment (EDNA) and South Essex
	Recreation, Leisure and Tourism Growth
	Study 2018/19. Their findings and
	recommendations will be incorporated into
	the preparation of the Southend New Local
	Plan.
Analyse the opportunities for tourism to	Improve highway and public transport

Table 4: Southend New Local Plan – Tourism Issues and Potential Solutions

support local services, vibrancy and	accessibility to Southend - this will need to
enhance the built environment	be pursued as part of the preparation of the
	South Essex Joint Strategic Plan
	Improve accessibility to the town centre
	through a package of measures as identified
	in the Central Area Parking and Access
	document – links to transport policy.
	Introduce new policy provisions to enhance
	the tourism link between the airport and the
	town's tourism/leisure offer – links to
	transport policy.
	Recognise the growth potential for more
	leisure uses in the town centre, particularly
	food and drink facilities. Revisit SCAAP
	policies to enhance opportunities for 'food
	and drink' developments - links to retail
	policy.

Policy Issues Identified	ified Existing Adopted Local Planning Policy		
	Core	Development	Southend Central
	Strategy	Management	Area Action Plan
		Document	
Support economic growth -	Policies KP1		
recognise and embrace the	and CP1		
potential of tourism.			
Address specific locational	Policy KP1	Policies DM6,	Policy CS1
requirements - identify new		DM10 and DM12	
sites needed to facilitate			
tourism growth / protect sites			
and routes which could be			
critical to tourism growth			
Articulate a vision for tourism in			Vision, Aim and
the Local Plan, including			Strategic Objectives
identifying optimal locations for			
tourism			
Examine the broader social,		Policy DM6	Policies DS1and CS1
economic, and environmental			
impacts of tourism			
Analyse the opportunities for	Policies	Policies DM6,	Policy CS1
tourism to support local	KP1and	DM10 and DM12	
services, vibrancy and enhance	CP1		
the built environment			

Appendix 1 Existing Adopted Local Planning Policies